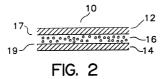
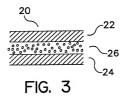


$$\text{CIR} \equiv \ \frac{\left[\ \, \left(\, ^{\mu}\!3 - \sigma_3 \right) - \left(\, ^{\mu}\!1 + \sigma_1 \right) \ \, + \ \, \left[\ \, \left(\, ^{\mu}\!2 - \sigma_2 \right) - \ \, \left(\, ^{\mu}\!3 + \sigma_3 \right) \right] }{\left[\left(\, ^{\mu}\!1 - \sigma_1 \right) \ \, + \ \, \left(\, ^{\mu}\!2 + \sigma_2 \right) \, \right]}$$

FIG. I





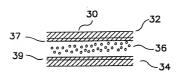
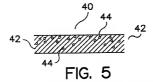


FIG. 4



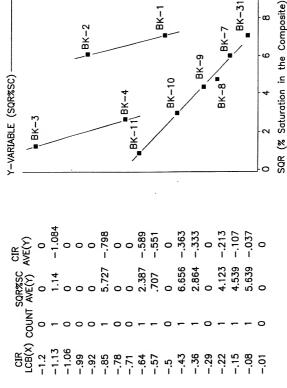


FIG. 6

